# **Community Action Agency of Santa Barbara County**

Service Area	Santa Barbara
Total Low Income Households	35,628

See Footnote #1

## **Households Served and Average Benefit**

	Servi	Service Area				
Program Component	Households Served	Households Served Average Benefit per Household				
ECIP EHCS Cooling	0	\$0	\$861			
ECIP EHCS Heating	218	\$1,389	\$1,208			
ECIP Fast Track	0	\$0	\$351			
ECIP WPO	0	\$0	\$322			
HEAP Gas & Electric	1910	\$214	\$238			
HEAP WPO	0	\$0	\$299			
Weatherization	205	\$1,207	\$1,446			

See Footnote #2

## **Household Income**

	Service Area				Statewide	
LIHEAP Eligible Households	Under 100%	101 - 125%	Over 125%	Under 100%	101 - 125%	Over 125%
Census Data	36%	17%	47%	39%	16%	45%

	Service Area				
Program Component	Under 75%	75% to 100%	101% to 125%	126% to 150%	Over 150%
ECIP EHCS & WPO	25%	19%	23%	18%	15%
ECIP Fast Track	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
HEAP Gas & Electric	27%	22%	30%	11%	11%
HEAP WPO	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Weatherization	28%	23%	22%	15%	12%

	Statewide				
Program Component	Under 75%	75% to 100%	101% to 125%	126% to 150%	Over 150%
ECIP EHCS & WPO	28%	17%	24%	16%	15%
ECIP Fast Track	49%	16%	18%	8%	9%
HEAP Gas & Electric	30%	16%	33%	12%	10%
HEAP WPO	28%	14%	28%	13%	17%
Weatherization	28%	17%	25%	13%	17%

See Footnote #3

Agency Profile Page 1 of 7

# **Vulnerable Populations**

	Service Area				Statewide	
LIHEAP Eligible Households	Elderly	Disabled	Children Under 5	Elderly	Disabled	Children Under 5
Census Data	35%	33%	5%	33%	37%	8%

	Service Area	Statewide
Program Component	VP HHs to Total HHs	VP HHs to Total HHs
ECIP EHCS & WPO	68%	77%
ECIP Fast Track	0%	81%
HEAP Gas & Electric	79%	76%
HEAP WPO	0%	82%
Weatherization	74%	77%

See Footnote #4

## **Energy Burden**

National Average	15%
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	Service Area
Program Component	Average Energy
Program Component	Burden
ECIP Fast Track	0%
HEAP Gas & Electric	6%
Weatherization	6%

See Footnote #5

## **Primary Heating Fuel Type**

	Service Area					
	Natural Gas Electricity Propane Fuel Oil, Kerosene Wood Other					Other
Census Data	77%	18%	2%	0%	0%	3%

	Service Area					
Program Component	Natural Gas Electricity Propane Fuel Oil, Wood Other					Other
Weatherization	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

See Footnote #6

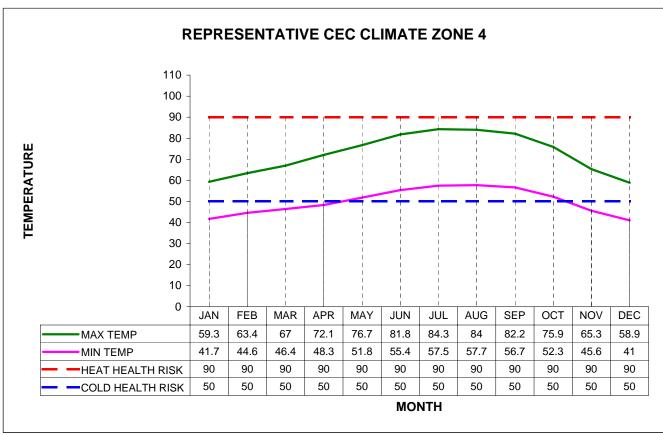
# **ECIP/HEAP Expenditures**

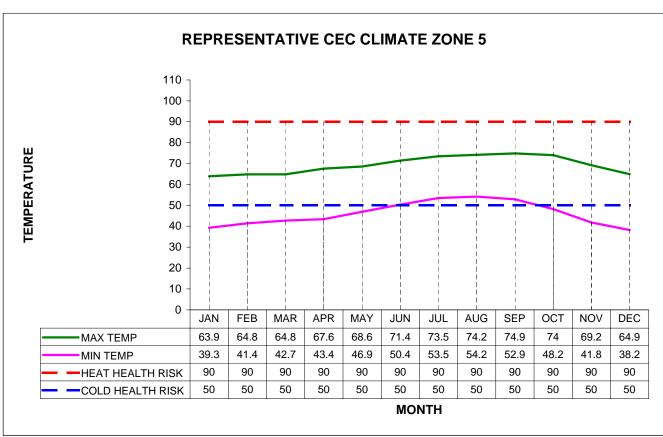
	Service Area	Statewide Range
Program Component	Actual Expenditures	Actual Expenditures
ECIP EHCS	46%	1% - 30%
ECIP Fast Track	0%	7% - 42%
ECIP WPO	0%	1% - 21%
HEAP Gas/Electric	54%	27% - 67%
HEAP WPO	0%	1% - 21%

See Footnote #7

Agency Profile Page 2 of 7

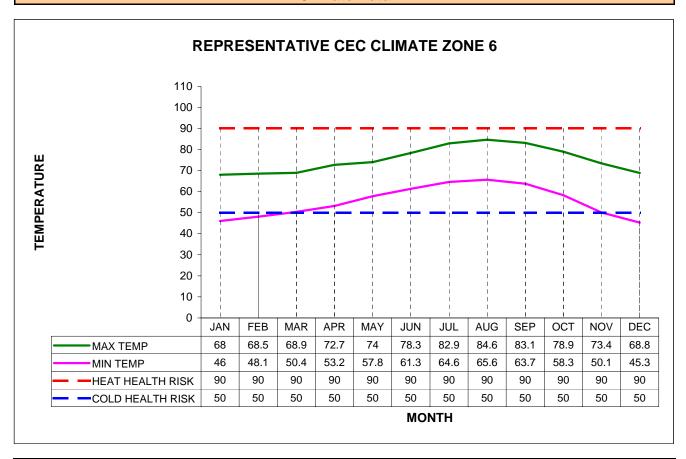
## **Climate Data**





Agency Profile Page 3 of 7

## **Climate Data**



CEC Climate Zone Descriptions		
Zone	Description	
4	Central coastal valley	
5	Central coastal	
6	South coastal - Los Angeles	

### See Footnote #8

California Energy Commission (CEC) Building Climate Zones by City				
City	Climate Zone	City	Climate Zone	
Agua Caliente Canyon	5	Guadalupe	5	
Betteravia	5	Honda	5	
Buellton	5	Isla Vista 6	6	
Cachuma Lake	5	Jalama	5	
Capitan 6	6	Lake Cachuma	5	
Carpinteria 6	6	Las Cruces	5	
Casmalia	5	Lompoc	5	
Concepcion 6	6	Los Alamos	5	
Cuyama	4	Los Olivos	5	
Cuyama Valley	4	Montecito 6	6	
Drake 6	6	Naples 6	6	
Foxen Canyon	5	New Cuyama	4	
Garey	5	Orcutt	5	
Gaviota 6	6	Pine Canyon	5	
Gaviota Pass 6	6	Point Arguello	5	
Goleta 6	6	Point Conception 6	6	

Agency Profile Page 4 of 7

## **Climate Data**

California Energy Commission (CEC) Building Climate Zones by City - continued				
City	Climate Zone	City	Climate Zone	
Point Sal	5	Santa Ynez River	5	
Purisma Hills	5	Sisquoc	5	
San Miguel Island 6	6	Sisquoc River	5	
San Rafael Mountain	5	Solvang	5	
Santa Barbara 6	6	Summerland 6	6	
Santa Barbara Island 6	6	Surf	5	
Santa Cruz Island 6	6	Tajiguas 6	6	
Santa Maria	5	Tepusquet Canyon	5	
Santa Maria River	5	Tequspuet Peak	5	
Santa Maria Valley	5	Twitchell Reservoir	5	
Santa Rosa Islands 6	6	Vandenberg Air Force Base	5	
Santa Ynez	5	Vandenburg Village	5	
Santa Ynez Mountains	5	Ventupopa	4	

See Footnote #9

Department of Energy (DOE) Climate Zones by Weather Station				
Weather Station	Cooperative Station ID #	•	Cooling Degree Days (65° base)	DOE Climate Zone
Cachuma Lake	41253	1,994	970	4
Lompoc	45064	2,241	322	4
New Cuyama Fire Station	46154	3,321	996	4
Santa Barbara	47902	1,902	470	4
Santa Barbara Muni AP	47905	2,121	482	4
Santa Maria Public AP	47946	2,783	121	4
Twitchell Dam	49111	2,199	487	4

See Footnote #10

## Repeat Customers

	Service Area	Statewide	
Program Component	Repeat Customers	Repeat Customers	
HEAP	25%	20%	
Fast Track	0%	10%	

See Footnote #11

Agency Profile Page 5 of 7

#### **Footnotes**

#### 1. Total Low Income Households

#### Source:

Census information was provided by the California Department of Finance.

#### 2. Households Served and Average Benefit

- The average benefit per household for ECIP EHCS and Weatherization was calculated by dividing the total direct program activity by the total households served.
- The average benefit per household for Fast Track, WPO and HEAP was calculated by dividing the total benefits received by the total households served.

#### Sources:

- ECIP EHCS, WPO, and Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Year 2005.
- Fast Track and HEAP data was derived from the CLASS database for Program Year 2005.

#### 3. Household Income

#### Sources:

- Census information was provided by the California Department of Finance.
- ECIP EHCS, WPO, and Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Year 2005.

### 4. Vulnerable Populations

The number of vulnerable population households is not duplicated.

#### Sources:

- Census information was provided by the California Department of Finance.
- ECIP EHCS, WPO, and Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Year 2005.

### 5. **Energy Burden**

The energy burden is calculated by dividing the total household energy costs by the total household income.

### Source:

- The national average energy burden was derived from the LIHEAP Home Energy Workbook for Fiscal Year 2005, DHHS, May 2007, page i.
- Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Year 2005.
- Fast Track and HEAP data was derived from the CLASS database for Program Year 2005.

## 6. **Primary Heating Fuel Type**

- Fuel types represent the types of fuels used as the primary heating source for low-income homes.
- The other heating fuel type category includes but is not limited to solar, coal and non-existent heating.

#### Source:

- Census information was provided by the California Department of Finance.
- Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Year 2006, the first year that fuel types were collected for LIHEAP.

Agency Profile Page 6 of 7

#### **Footnotes**

### 7. ECIP/HEAP Expenditures

- The expenditure ratios were calculated by dividing the total expenditures for each program by the sum total of all program expenditures included in this analysis.
- One standard deviation was used to determine the statewide ranges over a period of five years. For normally distributed data, about 68% of the values are within 1 standard deviation of the average. Sources:
- ECIP EHCS, WPO, and Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Years 2002 through 2006.
- Fast Track and HEAP data was derived from the CLASS database for Program Years 2002 through 2006.

#### 8. Representative CEC Climate Zones

- Heat and Cold Level 1 is categorized as cautionary.
- Heat and Cold Level 2 is categorized as extremely cautionary. Source:
- Cautionary levels of temperature were obtained from the California Office of Emergency Services.
- Average monthly maximum and minimum temperatures were derived from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Monthly Station Normals of Temperature, Precipitation and Heating and Cooling Degree Days 1971-2000, 04 California, February 2002

### 9. CEC Building Climate Zones by City

#### Source:

 Climate zone data was obtained from the Joint Appendices for the 2005 Building Energy Efficiency Standards for Residential and Nonresidential Buildings, October 2004, Table II.2.

#### 10. **DOE Climate Zones by Weather Station**

- Heating and cooling degree days are used to categorize weather stations within a service area into DOE climate zones using a pre-established range of heating and cooling degree days.
- A degree day is calculated by subtracting the average temperature of the day from the degree day base. If it is a heating degree day, it is the difference below the base. If it is a cooling degree day, it is the difference above the base. The degree days are averaged over a 30-year period.

#### Source:

 Weather stations and degree days were obtained from the National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Annual Degree Days to Selected Bases, 1971-2000, released 6/20/02.

### 11. Repeat Customers

• The rate of repeat customers receiving utility assistance was calculated by dividing the total customers receiving services two or more consecutive program years by the total customers served from Program Years 2004 through 2006.

#### Source:

 Fast Track and HEAP data was derived from the CLASS database for Program Years 2004 through 2006.

Agency Profile Page 7 of 7